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APPLICATION MADE AT THE PHILADELPHIA POSTOTICE FOR ENTRY AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER. PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1914

'Virtue, Liberty and Independence" THE Evening Ledger stands for Brumbaugh and Palmer.

The translation of Republican principles into the established economic policy of the Government is essential to the well-heing of the United States. The catastrophe in Europe has accentuated, not caused, the failure of the revenue. A wise protective system, devised to equalize the cost of production here and abroad, and to assure to American labor a living wage, satisfies fiscal requisites and stabilizes prosperity. During the period of Republican control, beginning with Lincoln and terminating with Taft, the wealth of the nation increased from \$16,000,000,000 to \$130,-000,000,000. The two intervening Democratic Administrations were periods of hesitancy

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Men, therefore, who are guided by practice instead of theory can reach but one conclusion. Republicanism must be revived, rehabilitated, vitalized, and its principles once more made dominant in national affairs.

Against the accomplishments of so essential a purpose, under a friendly masquerade, appears the dissolute conspiracy known as Penroseism. It has its fingers fastened in the throat of Pennsylvania Republicanism. It has ambushed the party, selzed it, subverted it to its own ungenerous designs. Wanton in its disregard of fundamental moral principles and livid with the stain of its past betrayals, it comes before the people of this Commonwealth with a profession of goodly purpose on its lips, and impudently asks them by their votes to sanction and acquiesce in the lie that this mougrof "ism" is Lincolnism. It pleads that a great State cannot save itself from economic disaster

it is willing to traffic with the men A Ttheir manifold delinquencles and enoly program. Good never came and never can come through such instrumentalities. A political alliance that is notoriously dishonest sary for the Republican voters to treat Penin some things may be depended on to be dishonest in all things.

Union it is hated and detested. Nowhere sylvania to act on Senator Root's characelse is there any attempt to defend it. Ohio | terization of the Philadelphia Organization answered Forakerism with an emphatic re- as a criminal conspiracy. Common sense, excellation. In New York, Mr. Larnes has public necessity, fundamental morality make yielded to the overwhelming antagonism of such a course requisite. The duty of every the rank and file in his own party and has honorable citizen is plain. Pennsylvania will surrendered his leadership. Tammany, too, vindicate her prestige and her honor by a that feebly criminal emulator of the Phila- steadfast allegiance to the dictates of condelphia Organization, disciplined in its own science. bailiwick, has been shorn of its false tolers and the black flag nailed to its tepse by an indignant public. The spirit of the times is THE sympathies of the Evening Ledger against the revival or perpetuation of medievelism; it is against the combinations, promise to make this city a better city to the conspiracies, the trades the last which which to fine it will not accomplish its by common consent, in the derinabiliar of surpose unless it sensor the health and civil the street, are embraced in the word Police

This baneful fraternay of plunder in an old man of the sea on the back of the Repub- will battle with them for better facilities of dican party. In every hamiet it is the free overy sort to which they are reasonably entrader's slogan. It is the chief Democratic | titled and of which they are unreasonably asset, for men prefer illogicalness, even deprived. It is the duty of a great newshonest incompetency, to evert prostitution paper to mirror the aspirations of the comof their Government for shalster purposes. The election of Mr. Penrose, who does not and cannot disnyow his leadership of the can be and will be. It must be the spokerhungry and thirsty elements which compare his machine, would hamsteing Republican the house, the girl who mosts the annuals efforts in every doubtful county in the Union. All increasity my his own talk Wira whole- | ance came the disasters of the Napoleonic The first task of every Republican candidate would be to repudiate him. None would have a chance for success unless he first pledged | the State and the nation, the Evening Ledger abstinence from participation in any program | dedicates itself to this policy of service and which Mr. Penrose led.

Which is better, a Republican majority in the Senate without Mr. Penrose, or a Republican minority with him? Manufacturers what does be care? He has the nomination, may as well make up their minds that it is one or the other. Mr. Petrose has no toore chance of ever being chairman of the Senate Committee on Finance than be had edbeing President of the United States.

behind him. His bipartisan machine has wrought a coalition of the liquor interests, Musich with incredible stopidity are actually Ladideavoring to buy the State Senate in order prevent conscientious consideration of the out why, merink problem. In Philadelphia and Pittyaturgh, where the great bulk of Mr. Penrose's mistrength was shown in the primary, dependrence was largely placed on illiterate or irresponsible citizens, men willing to barrie their ballots for Organization crimins, The party appertable constituency that embraces him is composed of manufacturers and their ailted interests. To them the enactment of a senhave blinded by necessity into acceptance of

the help tendered by so infamous a confederacy.

It is madness to yoke a great economic program to any man's ambition, and it is suicidal to burden such a program with the onus of a shameless political crew. It is a fact that protection has become a byword through just such tactics. Men believe, and they have a right to believe, that leaders who bartered and traded and trafficked in votes barrered and traded and trafficked in tariff schedules also. The country will never again trust men who, it is convinced, betrayed an essential economic policy by making it the medium of their immoral transac-

Once before the mistake was made of identifying an economic principle with a political career, and so complete was the ruin that to this day a central United States Blank cannot be established.

We stand for Doctor Brumbaugh. He is a colossus among the pigmtes who imagine they can use him. He is not their nominee, Public opinion forced him on the ticket. He is the greatest menace the venal machine has ever encountered. He will sweep aside corruption, drive out the grafters, purify the political atmosphere, give a new tone to affairs, and, better still, he will substitute for make-believe Republicanism real Republicanism. His candidacy is an inspiration to all good citizens. They can prove their party fealty through sending him to Harrisburg by an overwhelming majority, and, at the same time, stamping with their condemnation Penroseism and all that it portends, There is nothing that could so hearten Republicans the nation over and invigorate the party as the emphatic indersement of Brumbaugh and the equally emphatic rejection of Penrose. By this means only can the nation he convinced that Republicanism is one thing and Penroseism another.

We stand for Mr. Palmer not because of, but in spite of, his economic principles. We stand for him because he towers above his chief opponent in the morality of his perspective. We stand for him because he is the one instrument through which Pennsylvania may set itself right before the nation, because the one hope of national Republicanism lies in the election of this Demograt. We are for him because his success would deprive the Republican party of only one vote in the Senate, and the defeat of Mr. Penrose would probably give it ten.

It is a memorable campaign which the State enters, a campaign vital to its industrial interests. It behooves an independent Republican newspaper solemnly to warn the great body of citizens of the crisis which they face. It is the duty of an honest newspaper to expose the pretension that an organization notably devold of principle is fighting for a principle. An unfortunate conjunction of vircumstances has made it necessary to apply an heroic remedy, to defeat the estensible protagonist of the State's st them with the accomplishment of a economic ideals in order to assure the success of these ideals in the nation and in the interest of ordinary morality. It is necesroselsm as a Republican President, Mr. Taft, treated the Cox machine, which had waxed Whatever the standing of Penroseism in fat on the misdeeds it had perpetrated in pean politics. Pennsylvania, in every other State of the Cincinnati. The time has come for Penn-

For the Service of Philadelphia

I will be instant in favor of programs which lengings of the thousands of homeowners and homemakers who have made Philadelpum the splendid metropolis that it is. It municy is serves, to visualize conditions of life as they are and putture them as they lumined enthusiasm and with no interests to serve save the interests of the community, takes its place among the institutions of Philadelphia.

Mr. Pinchot may be without a party, but

Mr. Bryan is not for peace at any price, In fact, the price depends entirely on the are all the hundren, e.

The heavy artifiers is niso doing something. o bring amont the end of the war. Nunction Consider the motiey elements now third up had an open that it generally would in any

The only thing the people understandabout rapid transit is that they are not getthig it. It will not take them long to find

Cutting down the river and harber bill by cutting everything out of it except the park may be good politics, but it is not girel iniviper. There is trade in the chience pecds and beloware Caral had lew cutes

Principle could generally state a common sense conclusion without wasting words. This senience of his was much used in the Revolutionary period: "They that can give nible tariff measure is amential, 'They have | temporary safety deserve neither liberty nor up essential liberty to obtain a little 19524

## PASSED BY THE CENSOR

TIFE in some newspaper offices-that is, Lofficial life—is about as certain as the weather a week hence, and no one knows this better than the theatrical manager. Not so long ago the dramatic editor of a Philadelphia paper called upon a manager and was amazed to find him giving a pass for

two seats to the paper's office boy. "Great Caesar, you don't give tickets to that boy, do you?" asked the dramatic editor, after the boy had departed.

"You bet I do," responded the manager, "I don't know how soon he'll be your boss and I'm not taking chances."

UTHER BURBANK has a rival in con-Listructive eugenics, if it may be so called. His name is George White and he lives in Eaton, O., which will now become famous as the home of the scratchless chicken, for that is the type being evolved by White through a process of elimination and cugenics as applied to poultry. White bred and crossbred chickens until he produced a big white fowl, with legs fit only for the tiniest of bantams. He asserts that his new breed cannot dig up a neighbor's garden and is not so apt to stray from its own fireside, because "its legs only reach the ground." In addition, the new breed, being more sedate, is of a lesser temperamental mentality and practically devoid of all neurasthenic symptoms. He says nothing of its capacity for laying

DEFLECTED in the light of his great Nuncie, Helmuth von Moltke, Chief of Staff of the German armles, has stood the acid test of publicity very well. Though little is known about this six-foot-four giant, his father-in-law, the Danish Count von Moltke, is responsible for the story of his daughter's wedding to the present military leader. Helmuth fell in love with his distant cousin and namesake, Eliza von Moltke, but her father declared that he would withhold his consent until the great von Moltke, the uncle, had given his consent. A few days later came a telegram to Copenhagen announcing the coming of Germany's silent man. The Danish Count waited at the railroad station to welcome the victor of Sedan. A man dressed in a snuff-colored, worn suit emerged from a second-class carriage, carrying a dingy little bag. It was the General, Inquiry elicited the fact that his worldly belongings were in the bag and that he did not possess a valet. The consent was given and Helmuth and Eliza von Moltke have lived an ideal family life ever since. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that Helmuth von Moltke won the Iron Cross for personal bravery during the war of 1870.

THERE there's a will, there's a way, Ways the old adage, and there appears a way to fulfil the alleged last will of Peter the Great. This will, the object of 100 years of controversy, is said to rest in the archives of Petrograd, but so far as is known, no modern eye has ever been laid on the original copy of this mystic document. According to Frederic Gaillardet, a friend of the elder Dumas, the will contained 15 clauses. Peter asserted that in order to become great Russia must always be at war with Europe; intermarriages with Germany are to be fostered: Poland is to be divided: Sweden and Denmark incited to discord; encroachment is to be made along the Black and Baltic Seas: Austria is to be used as an ally against Turkey and then defrauded of its gain and plunged into defensive wars against other European States, and Russia made dominant by a policy of playing one State against

The authenticity of the will is very much in doubt, but it gains interest, nevertheless, in view of Russia's present stand in Euro-

PEAKING of the elder Dumas recalls a Diterary document of another nature, which was not authentic, but-here is the story:

In the middle 40's Dumas had engaged a large corps of translators, among them being the father of the writer, then an impecunious newspaper man. To him fell the task of translating "Das Hoa Konstriktor," a German novel of stupendous length, written by Spindler and published in Hamburg in 1797. Dumas took the translation, transposed the scene from Germany to France and rechristened the book "The Count of Monte Cristo." Dumas' "Katherine Blum" is also a translation, almost verbatim, from "The Foresters," a German play.

SUPERSTITION plays a large part in the lives of the Hohenzollerus. The appearlives of the Hohenzollerus. The appearmuce of the mysterious White Lady in the palace in Potsdam-or is it Berim?-is said | He rapped and he tamed on his worn lapstone. to presage a death in the family. And now comes word that the Kaiser is wearing his lucky ring. Whence came the token no one knows. Frederick the Great, on ascending the throne, found among his father's possessions a small box containing a ring set with a strange black stone and a note by Frederick I, stating that the ring had been given to him by his father on his deathbed, with the injunction that so long as il remained in the family the fortunes of the Hohenzolterns would endure. The ring was stolen from Frederick William II by bis mistress, Countrie Lichtenau, and with its disappearwars. It was restored in 1812, the year of the Prussian liberation, and Schneider, the blographer of William I, declares that he saw it on the hand of that monarch during | To hear you beliew and bluster so, the war of 1870.

Is William II wearing it?

BUFFALO BILL, who is still active in the show business, once took Sitting Bull to the colonel commanding the nearest frontier post of those days-probably an inland metropolis by this time. The Colonel, seeking to impress the doughty Indian with the advantages of civilization, invited him to a formai dinner. A forsk tound-faced butter, mired for the orthidon, handed a spotless white mapain to the Indian warrior. The latter looked the serviette over, grunted once or twice and then-spread it on his chair and BRADFORD.

# CURIOSITY SHOP

William Murdock, an English miliwright, went to a factory in sear h of work one morn ing in 1680. The proprietor, who had turned him away noticed that he was wearing an executa, be made his fortune

Televatchi, the drug used by Mexican Indians to destroy the reason, but not the physical well-fare of their visions, is a heritan fare of their visions, is a heritan for the "high, diddy-d of old John Paul, Astecs. The ingredients of this mo

polsons are known only to the Indians, who have kept their secret for hundreds of years.

The municipality compels mourners to deco-The municipality compels mouriers to decorate the Parls crematory with flowers and charges from 98 cents to \$10.03, according to the class of services desired. Before cremation can take place, half a dozen certificates, signed and countersigned and vised, are required under the red tape which prevails in the French capital. the French capital.

White is the badge of mourning of the Chinese. The Andaman Islander, who still clothes, paints his entire body white. T Egyptians used yellow as their visible sign grief. In Europe, white was used by the Cr The Andaman Islander, who still eschews grief. In Europe, white was used by the Cas-tilians as late as 140s in connection with the obsequies of Prince John.

### VERBAL HANDSHAKES

"We extend to you our heartiest congratulations for the success of the Evening Ledger." -New York Commercial.

"We wish the new Evening Ledger success,"-Chester, Pa., Times.

"We wish you every success in your new undertaking."-Allentown, Pa., Chronicle and News.

"Best wishes,"-Congressman J. Hampton Moore.

"You can rest assured that it will be a real pleasure to do anything I can to help you turn out a great and useful newspaper."-Morris L. Cooke, Director of Public Works.

"Wish you all success."-Ernest L. Tustin. Recorder of Deeds.

"I hasten to extend my congratulations and sincere best wishes."-W. Freeland Kendrick,

Receiver of Taxes. "You may rest assured that it will give me great pleasure to co-operate with you in any way I can in order that we may have an evening paper which will correspond in a measure to the morning edition of the Public Ledger." -Dr. Richard H. Harte, Director Department

of Health and Charities. "Having been a reader of the morning Leponn for many years, I naturally welcome its appearance in the evening field,"-Clayton W. Pike, Chief of Electrical Bureau.

"Best wishes for your success."-Frank J. Gorman, County Commissioner, "You have my best wishes for the success of

your venture."-James Lobinson, Superintendent Bureau of Police.

"Best wishes for the success of the Evening LEDGER."-Savannah, Ga., Morning News. "We shall look for the initial issue of the

Evening LEDGER with keen interest."-Gettysburg, Pa., Star and Sentinel.

"We welcome this new arrival in the newspaper field."-Charleston, S. C., Evening Post, "We will watch with interest for the first and subsequent issues of the Evening LEDGER. If you come up to the standard of the PUBLIC LEDGER you will be setting a new standard,"-Allentown, Pa., Call.

"We wish the new paper a healthy and prosperous birth,"-Detroit Free Press,

"Best wishes for your success."-Albany,

N. Y., Journal. "I have been a reader of the daily Luponn ever since I have been able to read, and I shall be glad, indeed, to read the Evening LEDGER. \* \* \* I wish you all the success imaginable,"-William McCoach, City Treasurer. "Here is good luck to the Evening Ledger, \* \* The Public Langer is now the best newspaper published not only in Philadelphia but in a great many other cities in the country as well; and we not only get it on our exchange list, but have it sent home and nay for it with sincere appreciation of its worth. Here are the best wishes for the success of the grandfather of them all, the Punge Lancett, and for the lusty infant who will see the light of day for the first time tomorrow. Go get em"-Reading, (Pa.) Telegram and

A New Evening Contemporary

"War" extras during the past few weeks the afternoon appearance of the Public LEDGER, which, according to announcement, is to be published in regular evening edition, beginning next Monday afternoon, and have made the first step in the dual role of morning and afternoon newspaper more simple. The evening newspaper in the United States has had a distinct advantage in the receipt and handling of the news service in the European war, although bardly more than that which it possesses in ordinary times, in its opportunity to get the afternoon and evening attention of the reader, as compared with the busy morn-Ing hours. But the evening edition of the Funda Lenger will require no introduction in Philadelphia, for the paper long ago established its entree and welcome at any time of day .- Evening Bulletin.

#### The Workin' Song of Old John Paul By HOLMAN F, DAY

Down by the church fixed old John Paul, He tanked with his hammer and he jabbed with

And ever he trolled with a lusty tone

"Oh, high diddy-dr, for Sal shi ev Sal! Plomp was she and a right smart gal. Swing to the centre an' caper down the half

High, diddy-di." sang old John Paul. in the nearby church preached Pastor Jones, A grim old saint of skin and bones. At the week-night meetings his flock would bea

"Ol a blain middy-di, come rosum your how; "Ant, stall stary Sal, now abake your for-A lattice" whate no' tollance all.

Old John Paul's song ring load and clear.

High, daldy-di," trolled old John Paul. The pastor stepped to the combler's shop-Said he, "There ribald songs must stop!

They laugh and they nudge on Satan's Row "With "High, diddy-di," and your yulgar strain Anent some female, coarse and vain.

Sing some good hymn, if you sing at all."

"I don't know a hymn." said old John Paul. The paster forthwith taught him one, In adagte measure did it run; The best moved slow—as a good byton should-And John Paul song If he best he could

But I was "tune," built "fum," and the reas. went show

For he timed his work for his songs, you know I' was allow for the transmer, and clow for the aw.

And customera ravies at old John Paul. To the paster John Paul spoke, next day.

"I'll grant that souls are saved your way; But mendin' soles is another thing. And I can't git a hustle unless I ming-'Oh, blgh, diddy-di, there, tiptoe spry! As Sal ale 15 Sal goes prancin' by Work when you work with sump an' sprawt, (Highe diddle-off " mid old Juliu Paul-Works with a will to a right court mag-For a firmin sometimes may be believ sung By willing hands than a laggard tongue. (lod has set us our tasks to do:

## DONE IN PHILADELPHIA

ONE COULD scarcely allow the birth of Philadelphia's newest evening paper to pass without a word or two about evening newspapers, and especially about Philadelphia's first evening journal, which, by the way, was the first evening paper to be published in this country, and, if I am not mistaken, the first evening paper to be published in the world.

Some of my Boston friends, wno have prided thomselves upon what the Hub has done for journalism as well as for all other branches of polite literature, probably will take exception to this statement, and hasten to remind me that there was a Boston Evening Post as far back as 1735.

In reply, assuming my Boston friends would make this assault, I must remind them that the Boston Evening Post can scarcely be

classed as an evening newspaper. The Boston Evening Post originally was known as The Rehearsal, and under that namwas published about 1731. It was a weekly, and more or less a literary paper, after the style of so many of the little sheets in the eighteenth century. No reader of the Evening Ledger would think of it as a newspaper in the modern sense. However, about two years after it was in existence, it became the property of Thomas Fleet, who for a long time was believed to be connected with the authorship of "Mother Goose." That question has not been

definitely settled yet, but we may let that pass. Fleet maintained his paper as The Rehearsal for some time, and then, without notice, changed its name to the Boston Evening Post. The only other change was the time of publication. It now came out on Monday evening, whereas the paper formerly had come out on Monday morning.

But we must be entirely fair. There was still another evening paper published in this country before the Pennsylvania Evening Post, Let us take a look at it.

This also was a weekly, and was printed in New York by Henry de Forrest. This was begun in 1746, but did not live more than a year. It is now known only by name, and only by students of American journalism. It made no impress upon history,

But the Pennsylvania Evening Post did make an indelible impression on American journalism.

It is rather curious to find that this paper was connected in its history with a Public Ledger, not the present one, of course, but an earlier and forgotten one.

Benjamin Towne, the publisher of the Pennsylvania Evening Post, was an Englishman, born in Lincolnshire, according to Isaiah Thomas. He seems to have come first to Philadelphia, as did almost every enterprising English emigrant in the eighteenth century, and was engaged by Goddard as a journeyman printer. Goddard, who was in partnership with the Tories, Joseph Galloway and Thomas Wharton, published the Pennsylvania Chronicle in 1767, and was so fair in his treatment of American topics that he and his partners had a falling out. It is a most interesting tale by itself, and one of these afternoons we may tell more of it.

In the meantime, however, we must speak of Towne's connection with Goddard's paper. The latter's partners, who were leaders of what might be called the Tory party here. were so much angered at the publication of Dickinson's Farmers' Letters, which gave the American view of the dispute with the mother country, that they induced Towne to act as a spy for them in Goddard's office. Finally, then Goddard left the city, Towne, probably with the assistance of his former employers, started a printing house of his own.

James Humphreys, who was a Philadelphian born, and who had received his education in the College of Philadelphia had finally, after several attempts to find himself, taken up the trade of printing. In the autumn of 1774 he announced that he would soon publish an impartial newspaper. There was a suspicion among the people that the Ledger would be a Tory paper, and Towne thought he saw an opportunity to start an opposition sheet. So he hastened to publish the Pennsylvania Evening Post before Humphreys could issue his Ledger.

Both papers made their appearance about the same time in 1775. Towne had the best of it from the start, so he became friendly with the Whigs, and his sheet was regarded as a Whig organ. Congress let him have their proceedings to print, and he was prospering. But he was a person to whom self interest was uppermost He was a Whig so long as the Americans held the city, but when the British came to town Towns remained and continued to print the kind of news Lord Howe desired. At that time Humphreys, who had been obliged to leave the city because of his Tory principles, returned and again issued his Ledger, but Towne was so successful in carrying water on both shoulders that he remained master of the field.

Both men, as well as Towne's former employers, Galloway and Wharton, had been placed on the list of persons charged with being Loyalists. Galloway fled with the British and went to England, Wharton and Towne remained.

By some atrange chance Towns was not moleated when the Patriota returned to the city, but was permitted to continue his business unchallenged. He continued to print his Evening Post until the close of the war. Towns was a high liver, but was a skillful

printer, and his work was excellently done. H's Evening Post was printed three times wicek, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and the price, originally "two coppers," was raised to "three coppers," say about 8 cents and 12 cents at the present rate.

The Pennsylvania Evening Post was the first paper to print the Deciaration of Independence. This appeared on its front page for July 6, 1776, and in one of its numbers in 1778 appeared the first account of Washington's historic crossing of the Delaware. Either of these pieces of news would be displayed in very large type by a modern newspaper, but they were very modestly neinted in the Evening Post.

Paradelphia seems to have the heat claim to has a univaled the first evening newspaper in this country, at least,

GHANVILLE

# THE IDEALIST

If you had carried out to the best of your ability everything which you had planned to carry out, you would now be one of the leaders of men. Not every one can lead. There must be ranks

as well as a captain. The question is: Why are you not a captain? And that takes us back to this matter of energing things out to a American a widely known and very wealthy

and estate operator was along on a houseway. in consister with an infiniting young so in manner and there he gave his triend the transon for his associate

Young man," said he, "everybody gets ideas. Everybody! Some minguided folks really believe there are a few men of admitted mental superiority who corner every last idea of worth in the world. That's bosh, The difference ba-

tween the successful and the unsuccessful man is that the man of success begins working out his idea and sticks to it-to a finish. While your man who is a failure gets a giorious glim. mer of riches far beyond, starts working out his idea, smashes into the first fence, and quits cold. My boy, begin and stick. And don't stick as a matter of duty or merely to make good your self-promise. Stick as if you wanted to attole!"

We are all doers of good-mentally. But, either through fear of making a bungle of our efforts or because we lack the courage to put into operation good instincts and inspirations and to 'keep them going," we do not become

actual doers of good. The next time you get an idea that has an honest, worthy ambition in front of it, whether you consider it old, worn out, insignificant or

what not, just remember the real estate man. Begin to work it out. But, most important of all, work it out to a

Conceiving, operating and sticking - these three. But the greatest of these is Sticking!

### THOU NAMELESS COLUMN -Childe Harold.

A Reminder

Our own private war in Montana is also a Butte.-Boston Transcript.

A Kind of Stick-to-it-iveness

Two business men, so it is told, were lunching together when an old graybeard stumped "That's Brown. He works for me," said

the first business man. "He's an honest-looking chap. Has he got staying powers?" asked the second business

"He has that," said the first, "He began at the bottom of the ladder in '76, and he's stayed there ever since."

Another Kind of the Same

What do you think of this as an example of constancy? It is cited by the Alta Vista (Kan)

"Jacob Eisenhut was in town Monday wearing a work shirt he bought 41 years ago when he lived in beautiful old Switzerland. It cost \$1.50."

A Spring Poem Without Flowers Contrary to general opinion there are several varieties of spring poems, some of which bloom in the fall. Mr. W. P. Eaton deserves credit for

"It is spring today; I know the sight-The smell of asphalt fills the air, The gas-pipe men are mending lines,

And digging ditches in the square." A Long Shot

in a text-book on arithmetic the Sacred Heart Review has discovered the following ingenious problem: "A cannon ball travels 540 feet in one second. How far will it be from the muzzle of the gun after the lapse of thirty-five minutes?"

Nine Points of the Law Harper's Magazine describes an excellent ait-

untion suitable for very young ladies: The lovely girl, having lingered a minute in her room to make sure that her skirt fitted to her entire satisfaction, descended to the parlor to find the family pet ensconced upon the knee of the young man caller, her curly head nestled comfortably against his shoulder.

"Why, Mabel," the young lady exclaimed. "aren't you ashamed of yourself? Get right down." "Sha'n't do it." retorted the child. "I got here

War and the Dictionary A cable dispatch from Paris read: "Ten members attended the French Academy's regular meeting this week and discussed the word 'exode' for the dictionary, 'Exode' mean exc-

dus." Evidently the French are suffering from lack of sufficient words to express their delight over the retreat of the Germans.

A Double Fumble "Who was that tough-looking chap I saw you with today, Hicks?"

"Be careful, Parker! That was my twin brother." "By Jove, old chap, forgive me! I ought to

have known."-Boston Transcript.

This Is a True Story It happened in a small city about a week after the time for paying dog licenses had expired. The dog catcher was out on the trail of unlicensed dogs. In a house on the outskirts of that city lived two women who may be described as middle-aged and unmarried. They

bad a dog named Bingo. One day one of these women went out to de a washing. When she returned home that night she saw something on the front door that frightened her. She ran back down the street and hysterically accosted the first person she men. "Come quick! Come quick!" she cried to the astonished man, and he came. There was crape on the door. He knocked. No response. He knocked again. Then he noticed a movement of a window curtain, and pres-

ently the door opened a bit. "What's the matter? Oh, what's the matter?" frantically demanded the woman behind him. Who's dead?"

Came the calm reply from the doorway; There ain't nobody dead. I hung up crape to keep the dog catcher out. Bingo's in here

National Point of View

"Even Argentina long ago learned to govern her internal improvements without waste or graft; and it is not for want of feasible plans that we have not done the same."-New York Evening Post.

"The Ottoman Government must have strong reasons to believe it can maintain its new pretensions indefinitely, otherwise it would scarcely have made a move whose failure will being humiliation heaped upon lumiliation."-Detroit Free Press.

"Increasing the taxes on figures and beers is welcomed in the press cavorable to this traffic. The liquor dealers of the country are gird of an opportunity to pay a larger share of the war taxes and thus make the government more dependent on this interest."-Chattanooga News. "The American President seems to be a sor!

of universal umpire. As far as the ratiroads are concerned we think that there probably never was a time when the people were more willing to treat them fairf) and Justly "-Indianapolic "That farm slab many is smining constant! meren mig attention from South Georgia farmer is good new a. In income not cert prop diversities.

then, but being torricting of diversified products,"-Savannah Morning News. "Altogether, the mituation (in Musice) affords as much opportunity for a fair test of strength

as is usual in September elections. - New York Times.